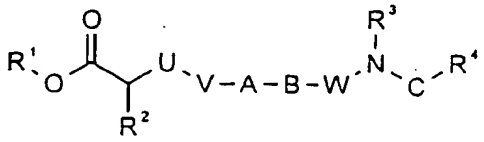
19. (Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound as claimed in claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

20. (Amended) A method of treating or preventing an integrin-mediated disease or condition, comprising administering to a mammal an effective amount of a compound as claimed in claim 1.

21. (Amended) A method of inhibiting angiogenesis and/or for treating or preventing cancer, osteolytic diseases and ophthalmic disorders, comprising administering to a mammal an effective amount of a compound of the general formula (1)



(1)

where

R^1 is hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl or cycloalkyl residue, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl residue or a saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted heterocyclic residue;

R^2 is hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl or cycloalkyl residue, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl residue, a saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted heterocyclic residue, an optionally substituted alkenyl residue, an optionally substituted alkinyl residue, $-NR^{2'}SO_2R^{2''}$, $-NR^{2'}COOR^{2'}$, $-NR^{2'}COR^{2'}$, $-NR^{2'}CONR^{2'}_2$ or $-NR^{2'}CSNR^{2'}_2$;

$R^{2'}$ is hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl or cycloalkyl residue, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl residue or a saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted heterocyclic residue;

$R^{2'}$ is hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl or cycloalkyl residue, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl residue or a saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted heterocyclic residue;

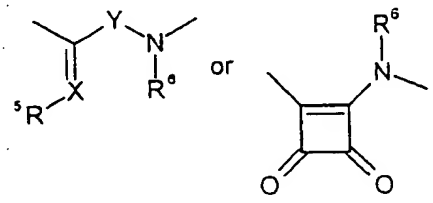
$R^{2''}$ is a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl, alkenyl or cycloalkyl residue, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl residue or a saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted heterocyclic residue;

U is a direct bond or a substituted or unsubstituted alkylene group;

V is a substituted or unsubstituted alkylene group, $-NR^{2'}CO-$ or $-NR^{2'}SO_2-$;

A and B each independently of one another a 1,3- or 1,4-bridging phenylene group or a 2,4- or 2,5-bridging thienylene group each of which may optionally have additional substituents,

W is a direct bond or a substituted or unsubstituted alkylene group;

C is a direct bond or  or

R^3 is hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl or cycloalkyl residue, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl residue, a saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted heterocyclic residue, an alkylamine residue, an alkylamide residue or is connected to one of R^4, Y, R^5 or R^6, if present, with formation of an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring system which includes the nitrogen atom to which R^3 is bonded, and can be saturated or unsaturated and/or can contain further heteroatoms;

R^4 is hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl or cycloalkyl residue, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl residue, a saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted heterocyclic residue, an alkylamine residue, an alkylamide residue

X is $CHNO_2$, CHCN. O, N or S;

Y is a direct bond or an optionally substituted alkylene or alkine group;

R^5 is absent, or is hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl or cycloalkyl residue, $-NO_2$, -CN, $-COR^{5'}$, $-COOR^{5'}$, or is connected to one of R^3, Y, R^4 or R^6, if present, with formation of an optionally substituted carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring system which includes X and can be saturated or unsaturated and/or can contain further heteroatoms;

$R^{5'}$ is hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl or cycloalkyl residue, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl residue or a saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted heterocyclic residue which can be saturated or unsaturated and/or can contain further heteroatoms;

R^6 is hydrogen, a substituted or unsubstituted alkyl or cycloalkyl residue, a substituted or unsubstituted aryl or aroyl residue, a saturated or unsaturated, optionally substituted heterocyclic residue, an alkylamine residue, an alkylamide residue or is connected to one of R^3, R^4, Y or R^5, if present, with formation of an optionally substituted heterocyclic ring system which includes the nitrogen atom to which R^6 is bonded and can be saturated or unsaturated and/or can contain further heteroatoms;

and their physiologically acceptable salts and stereoisomers.

22. canceled

23. (New) The method of claim 21, wherein said osteolytic disease is selected from the group consisting of osteoporosis, arteriosclerosis, restenosis and rheumatoid arthritis.